

# Colorectal Liver Metastases

## Hepatic Artery Infusion Pump *Revisited*

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**Division of Surgical Oncology**



# Illustrative Case

- ***44 yo male presents with blood in his stool and lower abdominal pain***
- ***Colonoscopy shows 5.5 cm near obstructing sigmoid colon mass***
- ***Biopsy shows adenocarcinoma, MMR proficient***
- ***MRI shows...***





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# Unresectable Liver Metastases

## Systemic Chemotherapy

- FOLFOX
- FOLFIRI
- FOLFOXIRI
- +/- Bevacizumab
  
- Cetuximab (KRAS WT, Left Sided)
- Immunotherapy (MSI-H)
- Encorafenib/Cetuximab/Binimetinib (BRAF V600E)
  
- Regorafenib
- Trifluridine/Tipiracil



# Survival Data

## Unresectable Liver Metastases

- 24 month median overall survival
- 10-15% 5-year survival

## Third Line (Dismal Response Rates)

- Regorafenib – **6.4 months OS vs 5.0 months OS**  
(CORRECT Trial)
- Trifluridine/Tipiracil – **7.1 months OS vs 5.3 months OS**  
(RECOURSE Trial)



**CAN WE DO BETTER!**

**Liver Directed Regional  
Therapies**



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*Hepatic Tumors Failed to Stain when India Ink was injected into the portal vein, whereas Hepatic Tissue between the tumors became intensely black.*

**Metastases in the liver are perfused almost exclusively via the hepatic artery and normal hepatocytes derive most of their blood supply from the portal vein.**

**Charles Breedis, MD  
Pathology  
University of Pennsylvania  
1954**



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# FUDR

- Antimetabolite in which 94% is removed during the first pass in the hepatic arterial circulation.

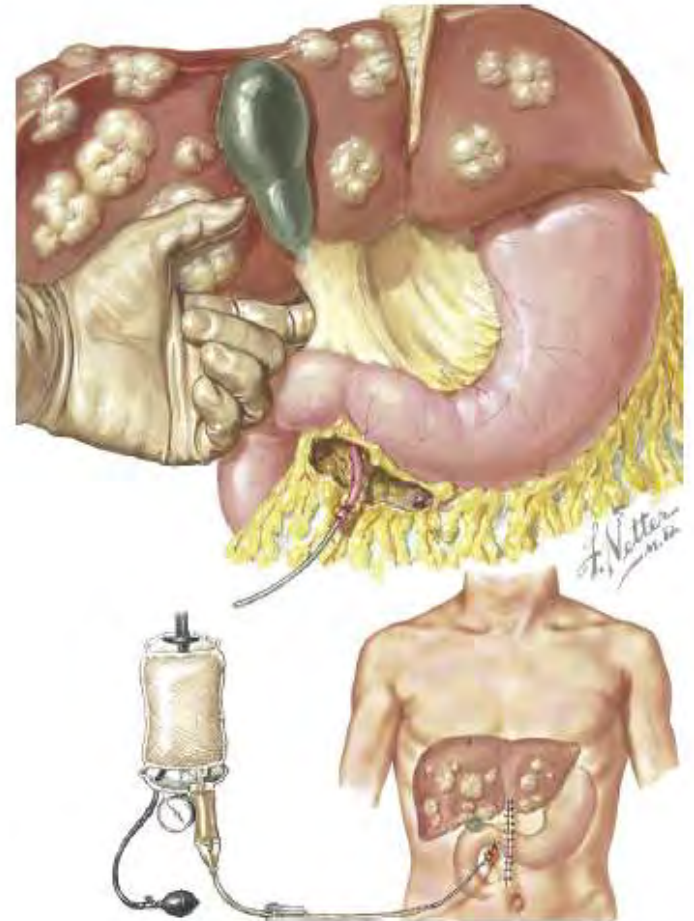
*“Nearly a one-pass Phenomenon.”*

- This allowed much higher doses of effective chemotherapy directly to the liver without systemic toxicity



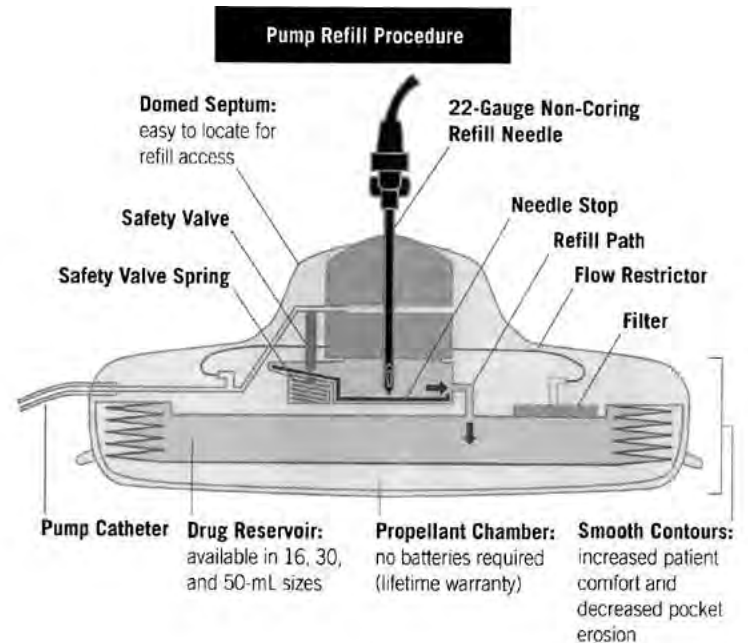
# 1961 Miller and Griman Memorial Hospital

- Cannulated the GDA in retrograde fashion with a ureteral catheter that is brought out through the abdominal wall via a gastroepiploic stump
- Avoidance of extrahepatic infusion by ligating nearby arteries
- High rates of thrombosis, displacement, bleeding and air embolism
- Poor patient satisfaction



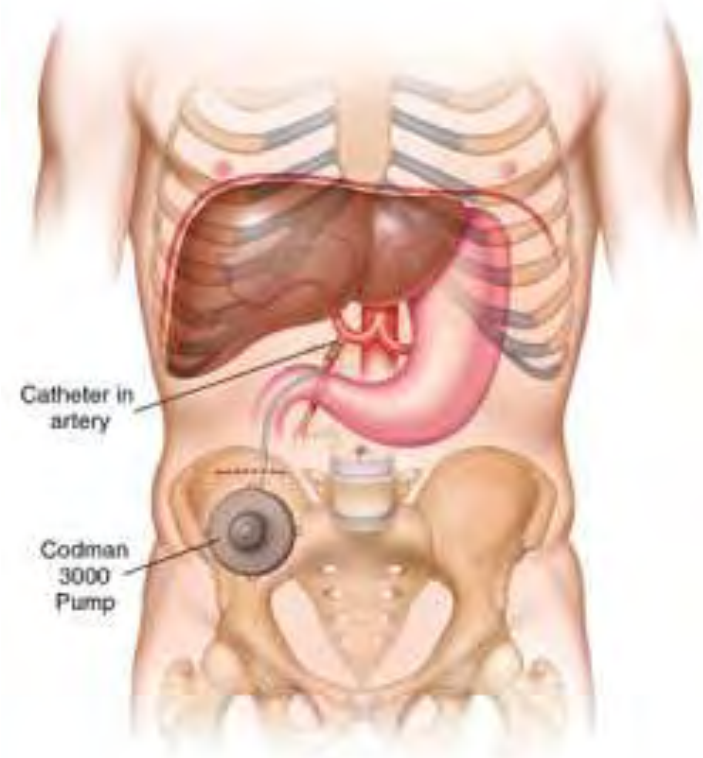
# 1970 Implantable Pump

Self contained, “inexhaustible” power source, using vapor pressure as the power source.



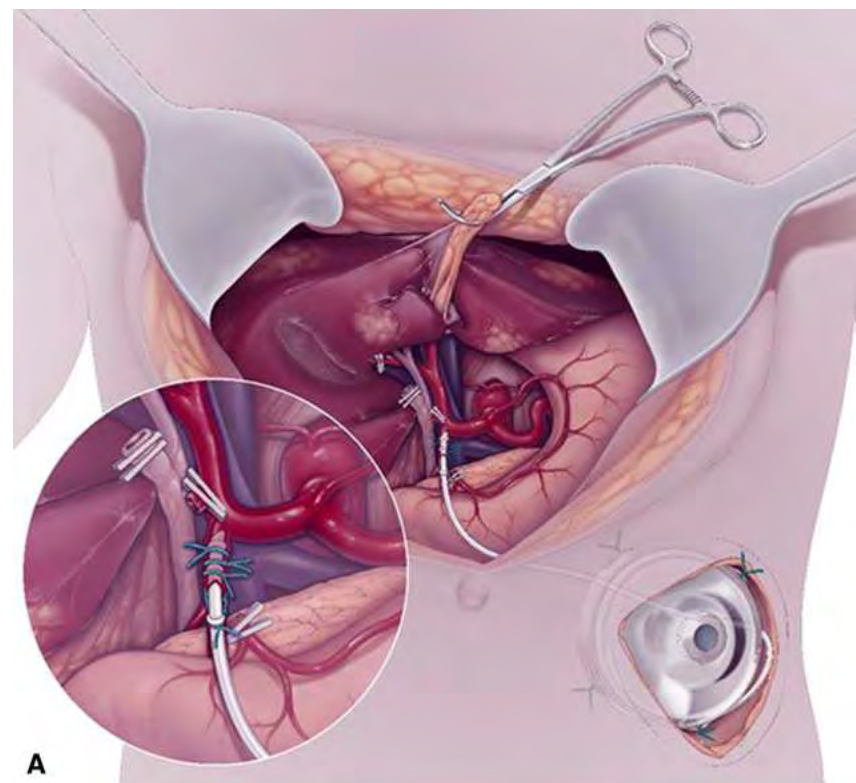
# 1980 Hepatic Arterial Infusion Pump

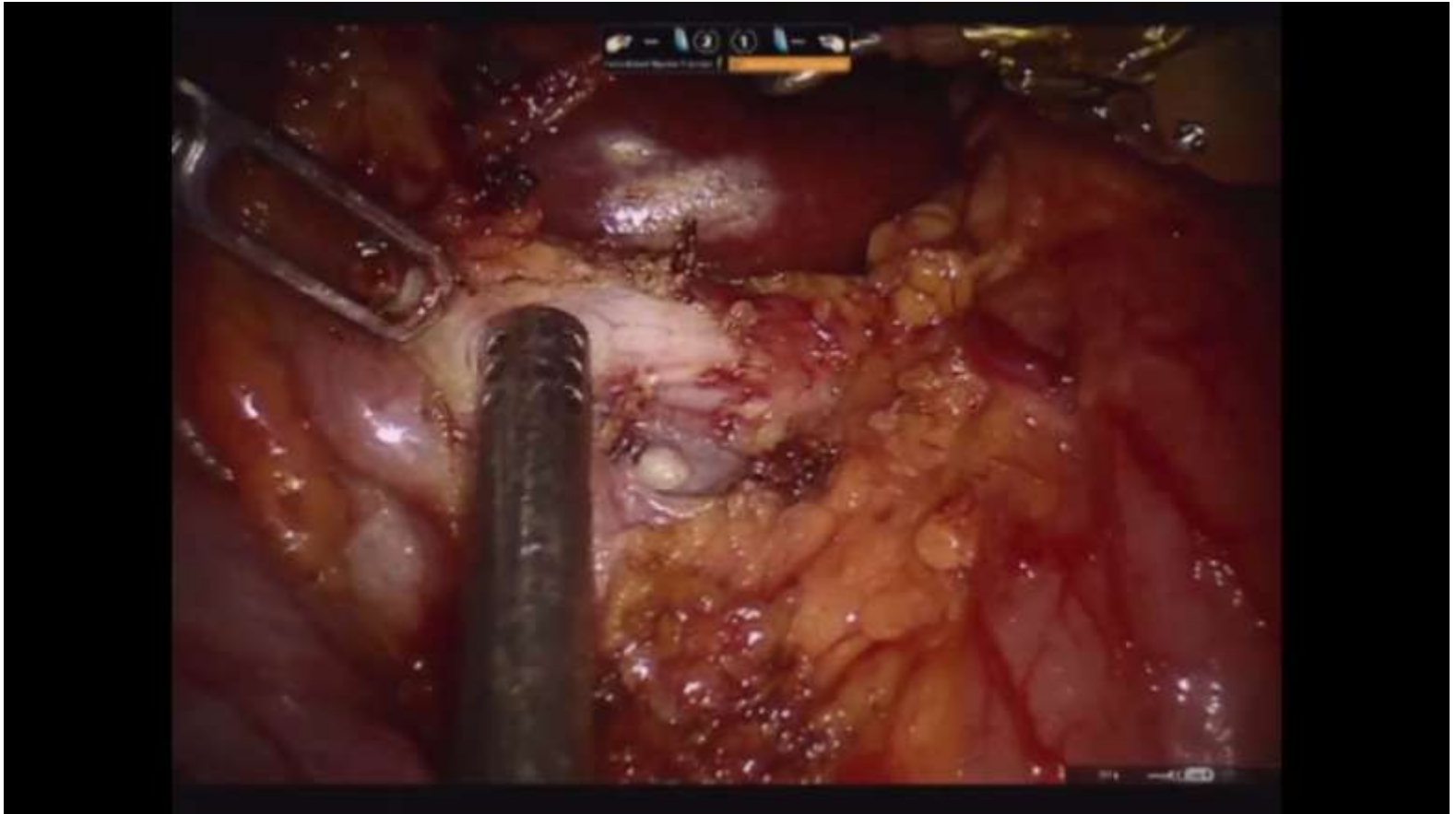
- Henry Buchwald published on first HAI-pump
- Intra-arterial FUDR is given via implantation of an infusion pump
- Allows for higher concentrations in the tumor mass and relative sparing of the normal liver



# Operative Technique

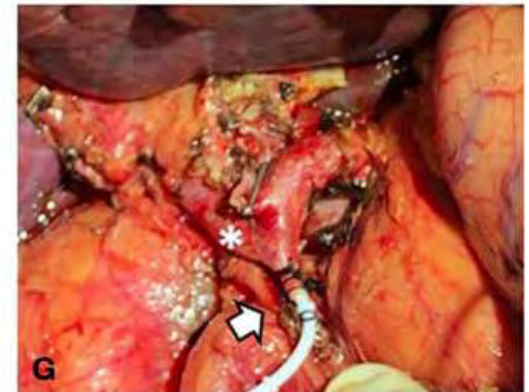
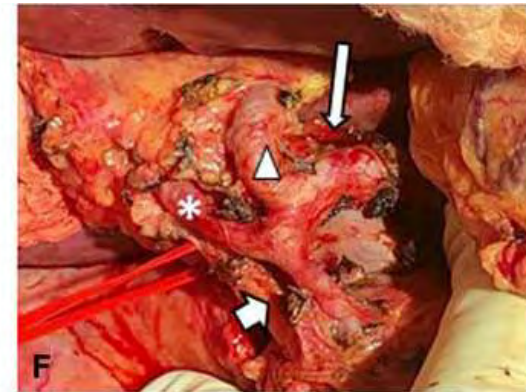
- Ex lap, ligate falciform ligament
- Ligate and Divide Right Gastric Artery
- Resect hepatic artery lymph node
- Isolate GDA and clear soft tissue around CHA and PHA
- Ligate GDA Branches
- Cholecystectomy
- Papaverine to GDA
- Cannulate and secure tubing
- Transverse SC pocket for pump
- Confirm no extrahepatic perfusion





# Technical Considerations

- Aberrant Anatomy

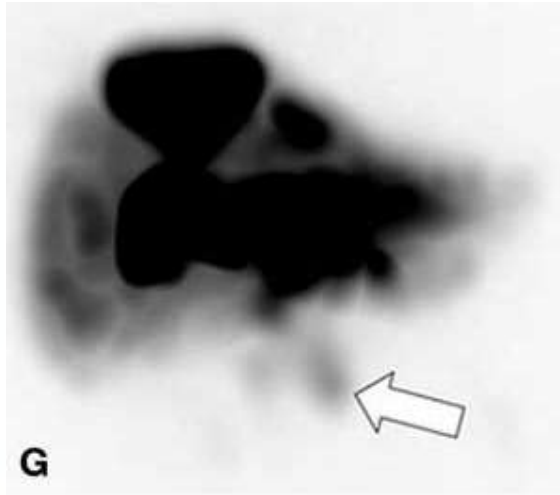


Sharib et al *Ann Surg* 2022



# Technical Considerations

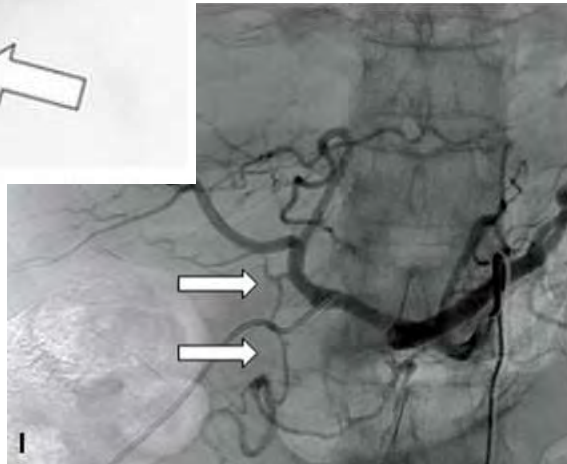
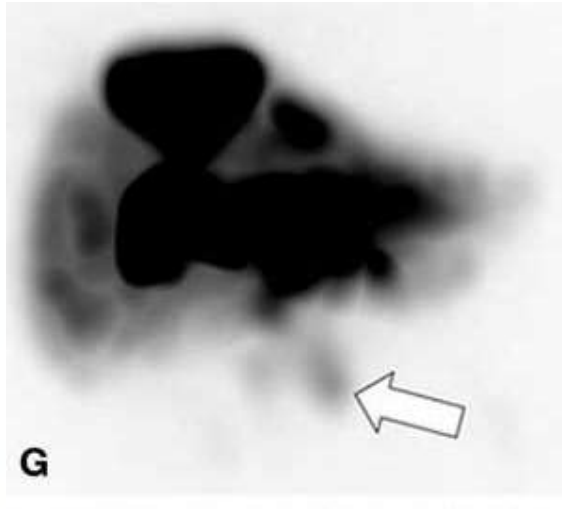
- Extrahepatic Perfusion



Sharib et al *Ann Surg* 2022

# Technical Considerations

- Extrahepatic Perfusion



Sharib et al *Ann Surg* 2022

# Morbidity

**Overall 22%-28%**

Peptic Ulcer (5-10%)

Extrahepatic Perfusion (6%)

Catheter Thrombosis (9%)

Pump Malfunction (6%)

SC Pocket Infection (6%)

Biliary Sclerosis (1-2%)

*Patients can be rescued with prompt identification and aggressive intervention*

Chouliaras et al *HPB* 2020



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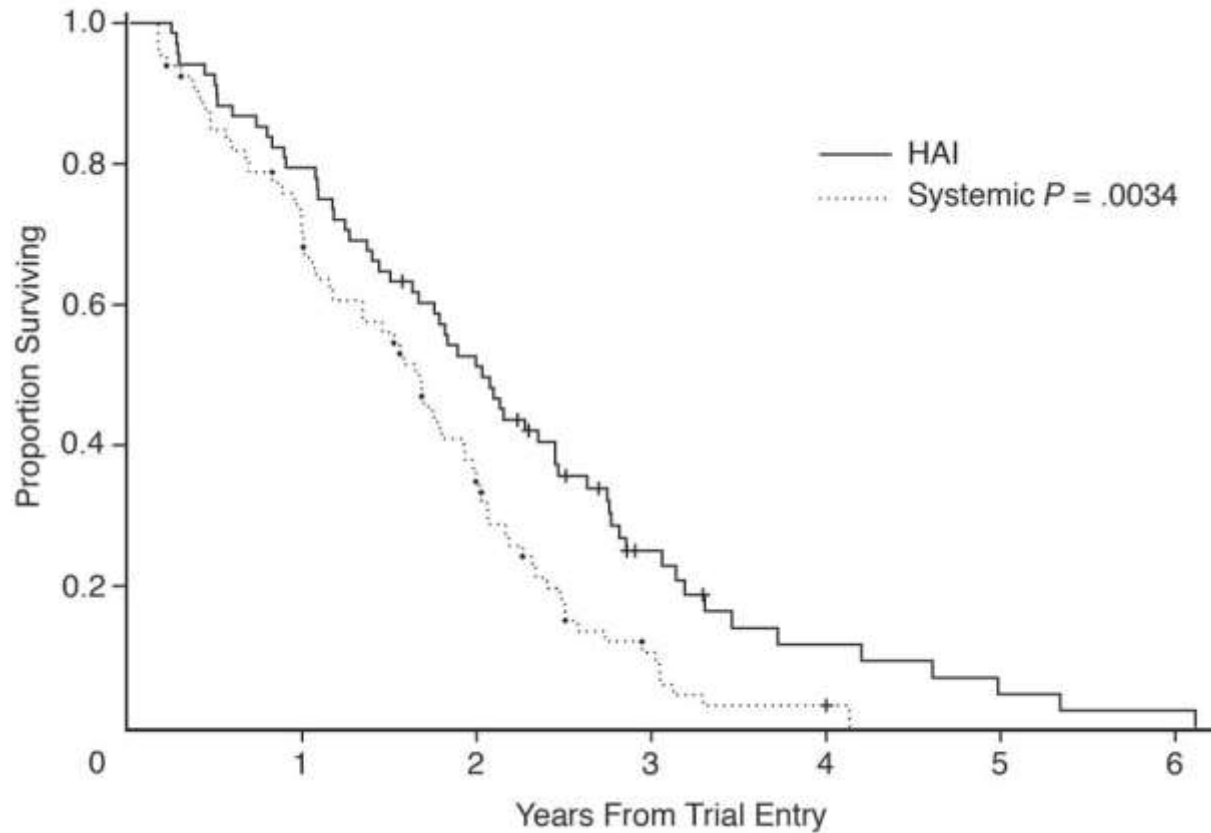
**Hepatic Arterial Infusion Versus Systemic Therapy for  
Hepatic Metastases From Colorectal Cancer: A Randomized  
Trial of Efficacy, Quality of Life, and Molecular Markers  
(CALGB 9481)**

Kemeny et al *J Clin Oncol* 2006

- 135 patients with hepatic only, unresectable disease were randomly assigned HAI pump vs. systemic treatment (5FU/LV)
- Multicenter Trial (Jan 1996 – Dec 2000)
- Patients who previously received prior chemotherapy for metastatic disease were excluded
- No portal vein occlusion

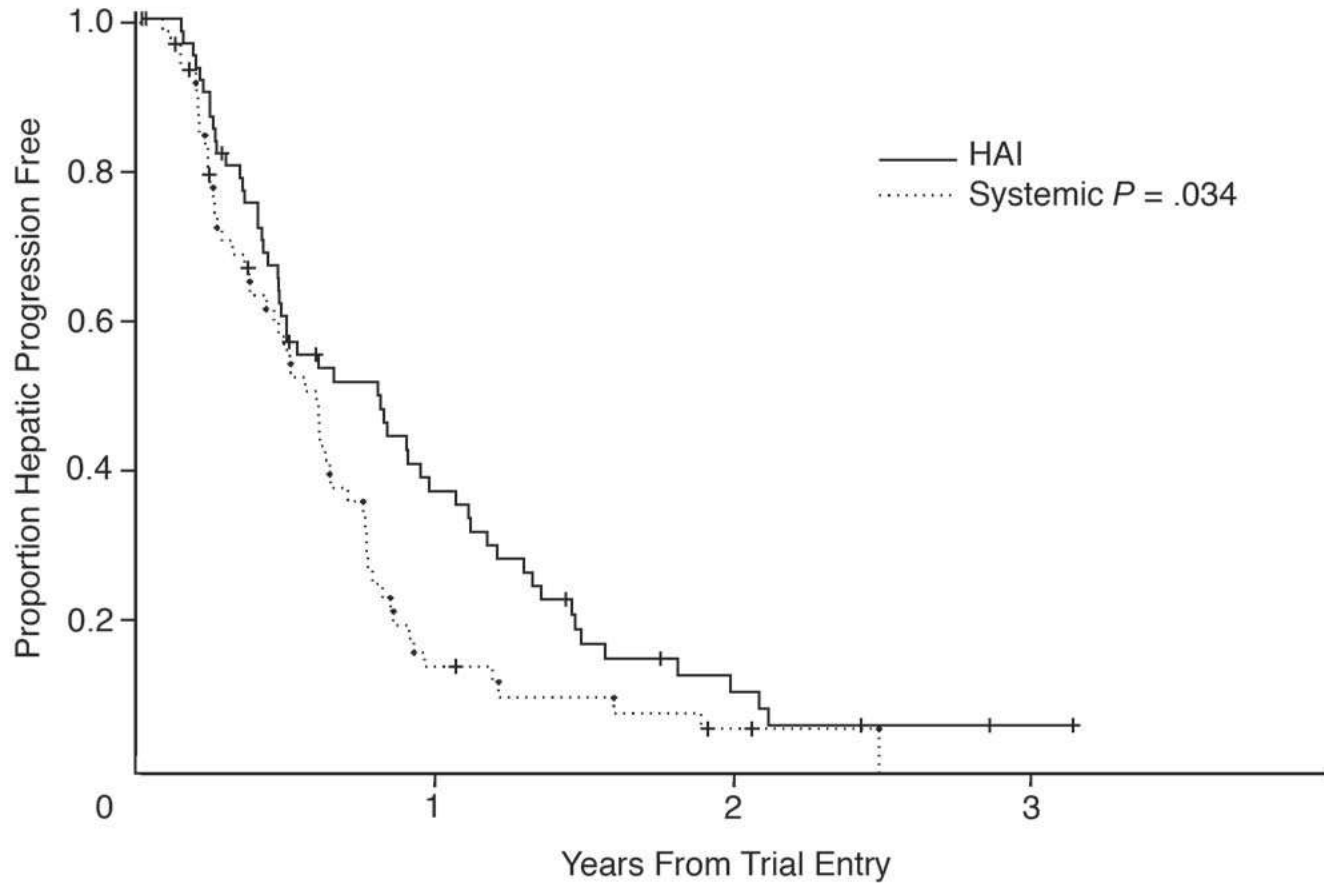


# CALGB 9481



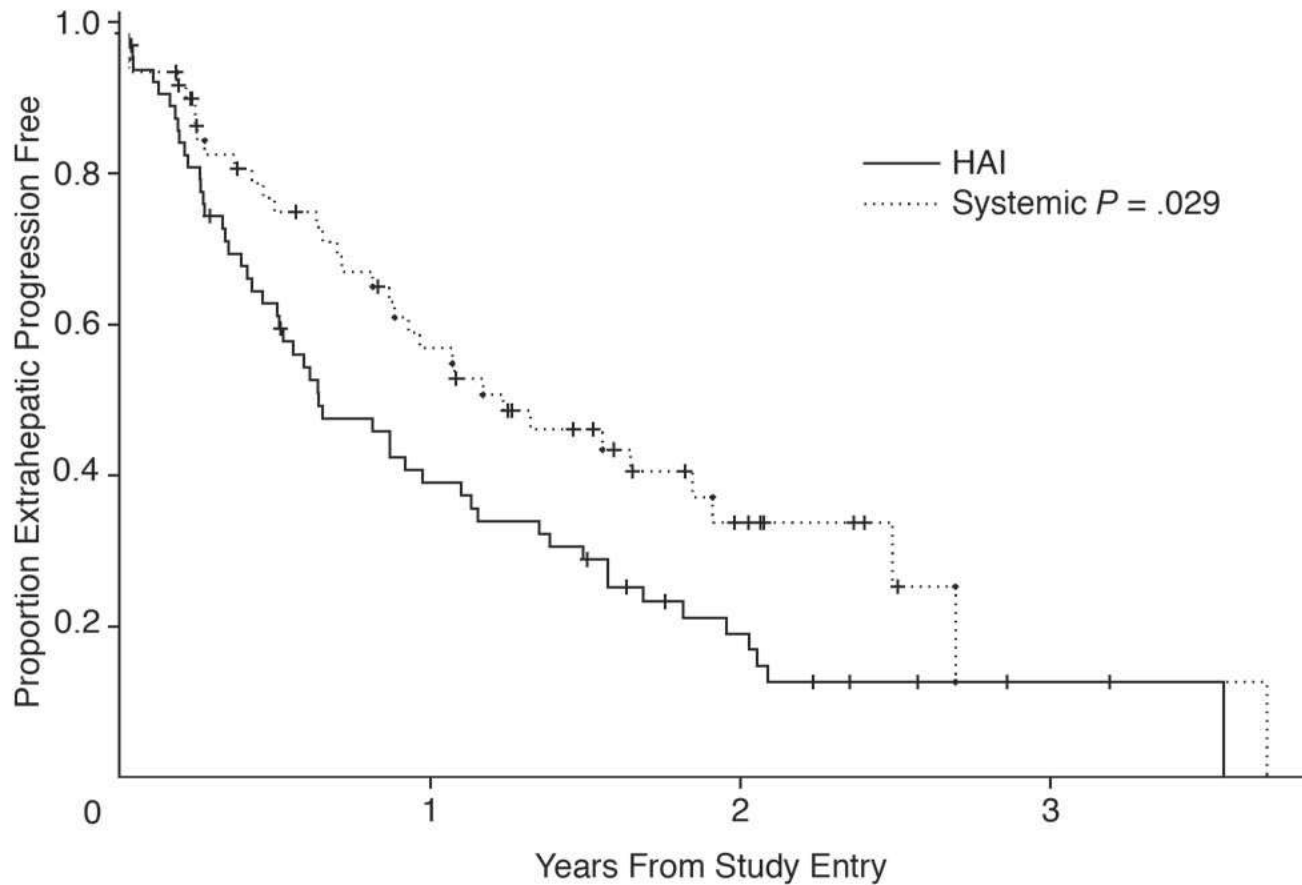
*OS Higher In HAI Group  
24.4 mo vs 20.0 mo (p=0.0034)*

# CALGB 9481



*Hepatic PFS Higher In HAI Group  
( $p=0.034$ )*

# CALGB 9481



*Extrahepatic PFS Higher In Chemo Group ( $p=0.034$ )*

# CALGB 9481

## Critiques:

- Did not compare modern chemotherapy (bolus 5-FU)
- Pump therapy given without systemic treatment
- >90% of HAI pumps placed at MSK

## Questions:

- Can pump therapy work outside of a high-volume single institution?
- How does pump therapy compare to modern chemotherapy?
- Can systemic chemotherapy be given with HAI-pump?





# Conversion to Resection

**Phase II trial of hepatic artery infusional and systemic chemotherapy for patients with unresectable hepatic metastases from colorectal cancer: Conversion to resection and long-term outcomes**

D'Angelica et al *Ann Surg* 2015

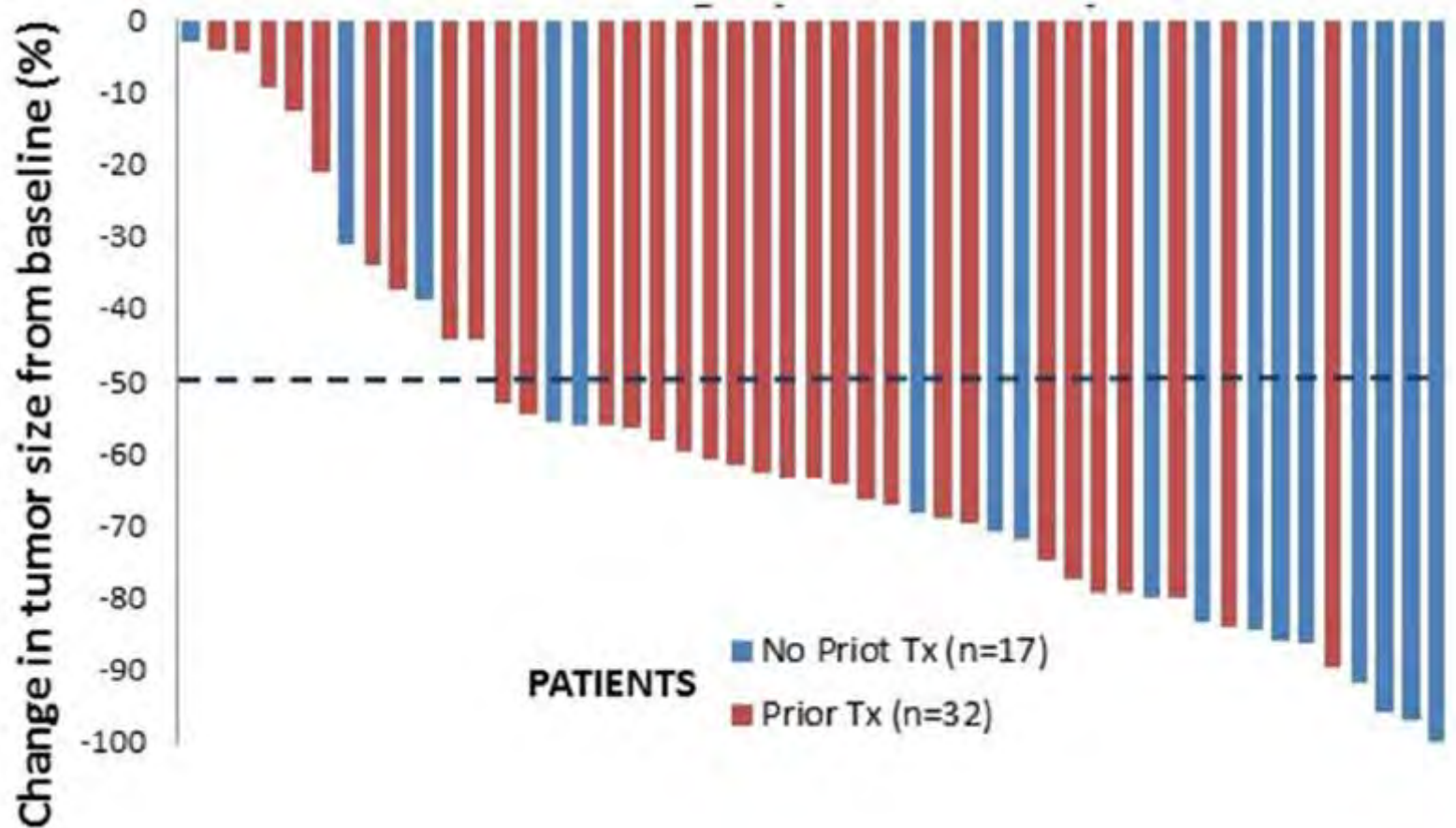
Single institution, phase II trial

*In patients with extensive unresectable CRLM, the majority of whom were previously treated, **47 %** were able to undergo complete resection after combined HAI and systemic therapy.*

*Conversion to resection is associated with prolonged survival.*

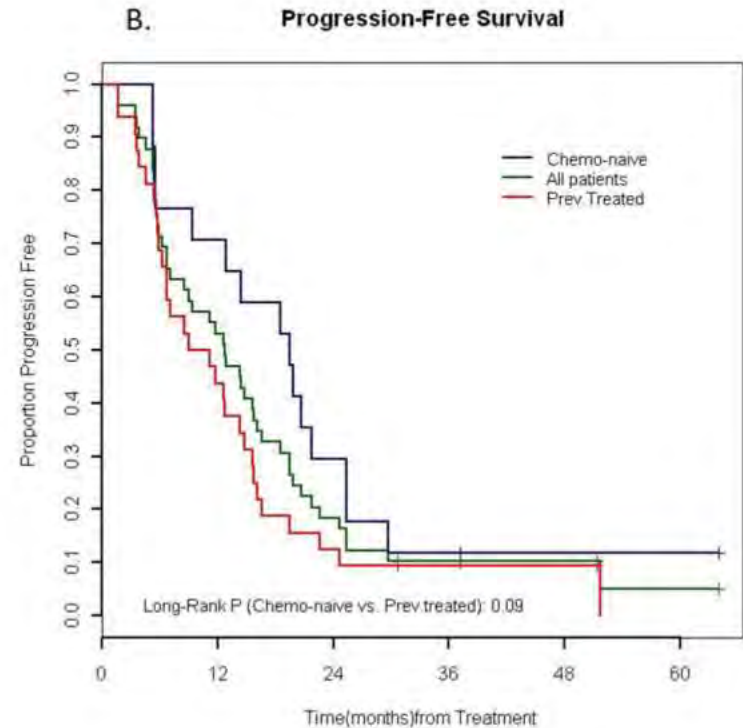
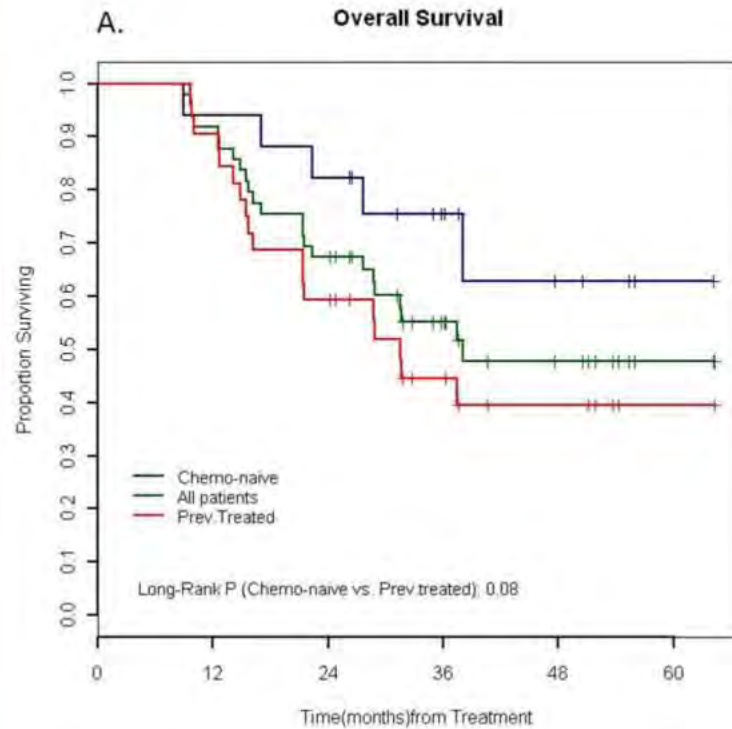


# Conversion to Resection



D'Angelica et al *Ann Surg* 2015

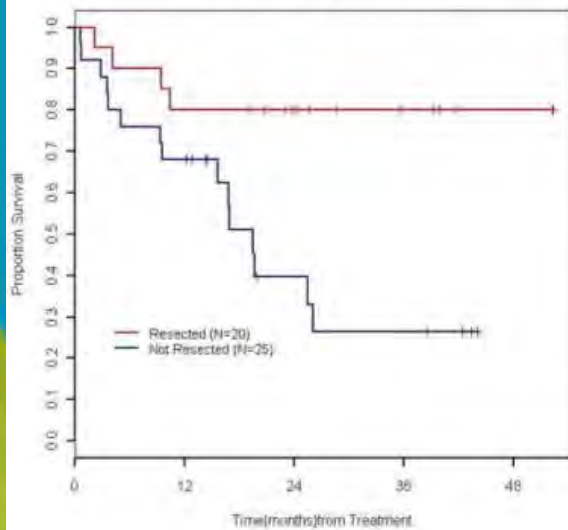
# Conversion to Resection



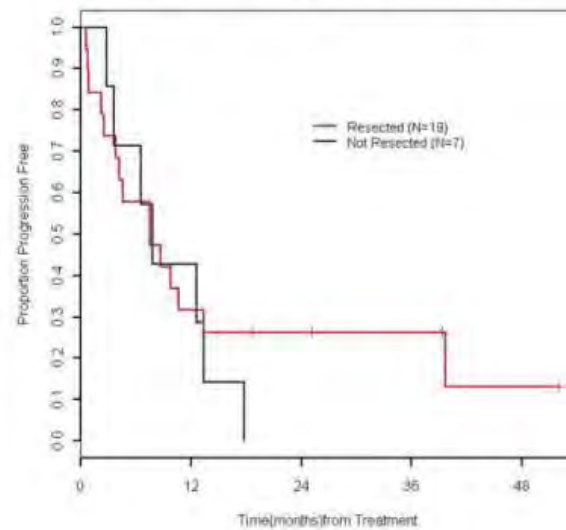
D'Angelica et al *Ann Surg* 2015

# Conversion to Resection

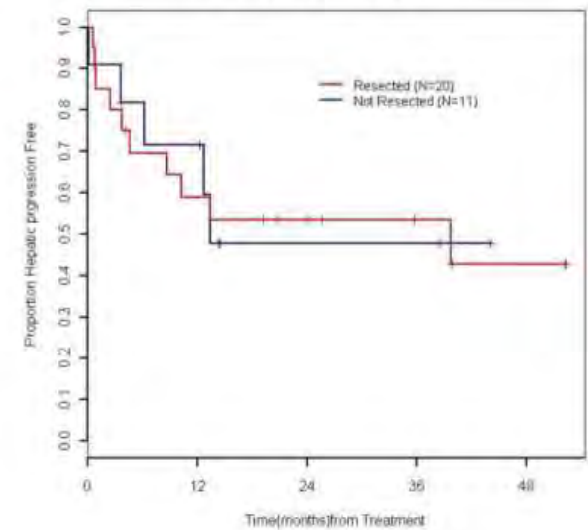
A. Overall Survival by resection Status



B. Progression Free Survival by resection Status

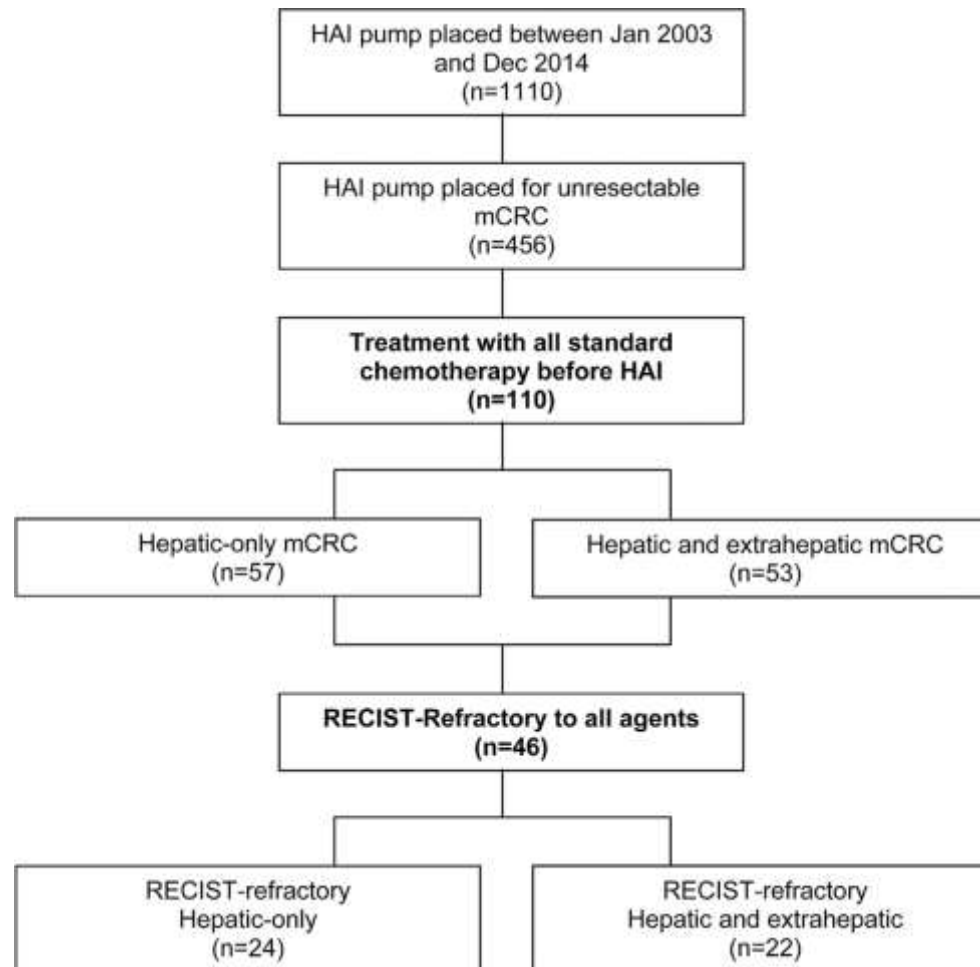


C. Time to Hepatic Progression



D'Angelica et al *Ann Surg* 2015

# Refractory to Standard Chemotherapy

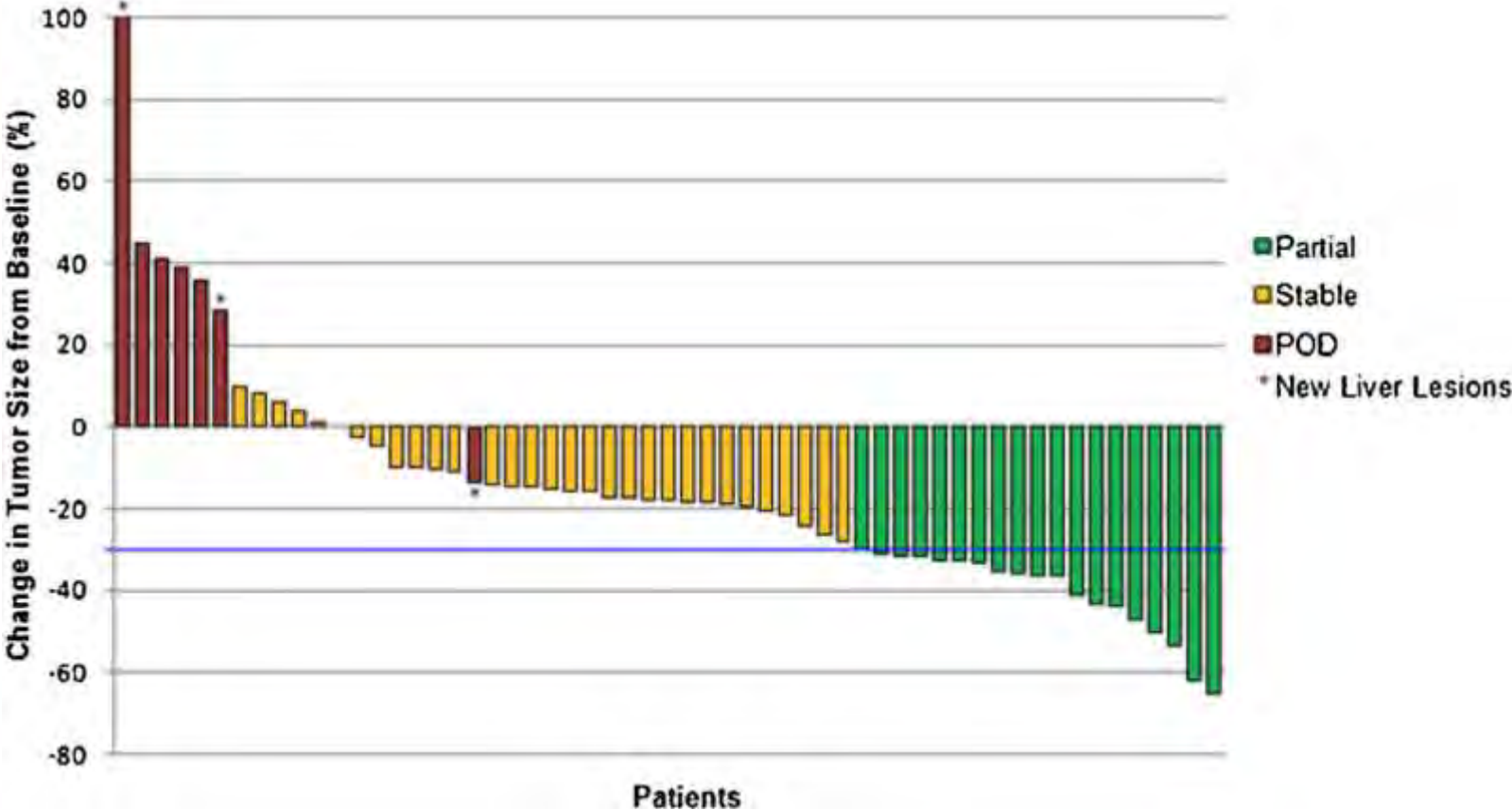


Cercek et al *J Surg Oncol* 2016

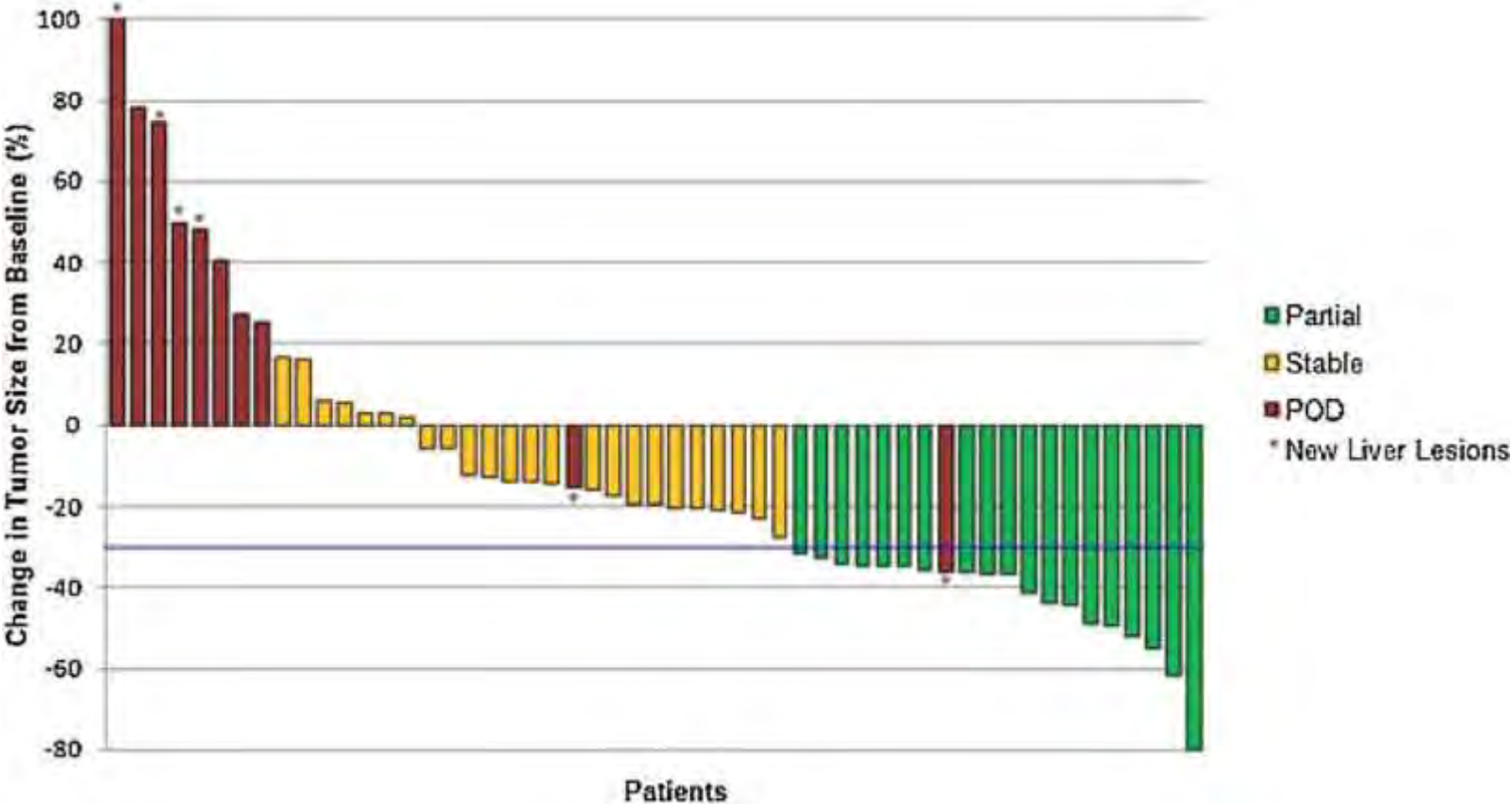


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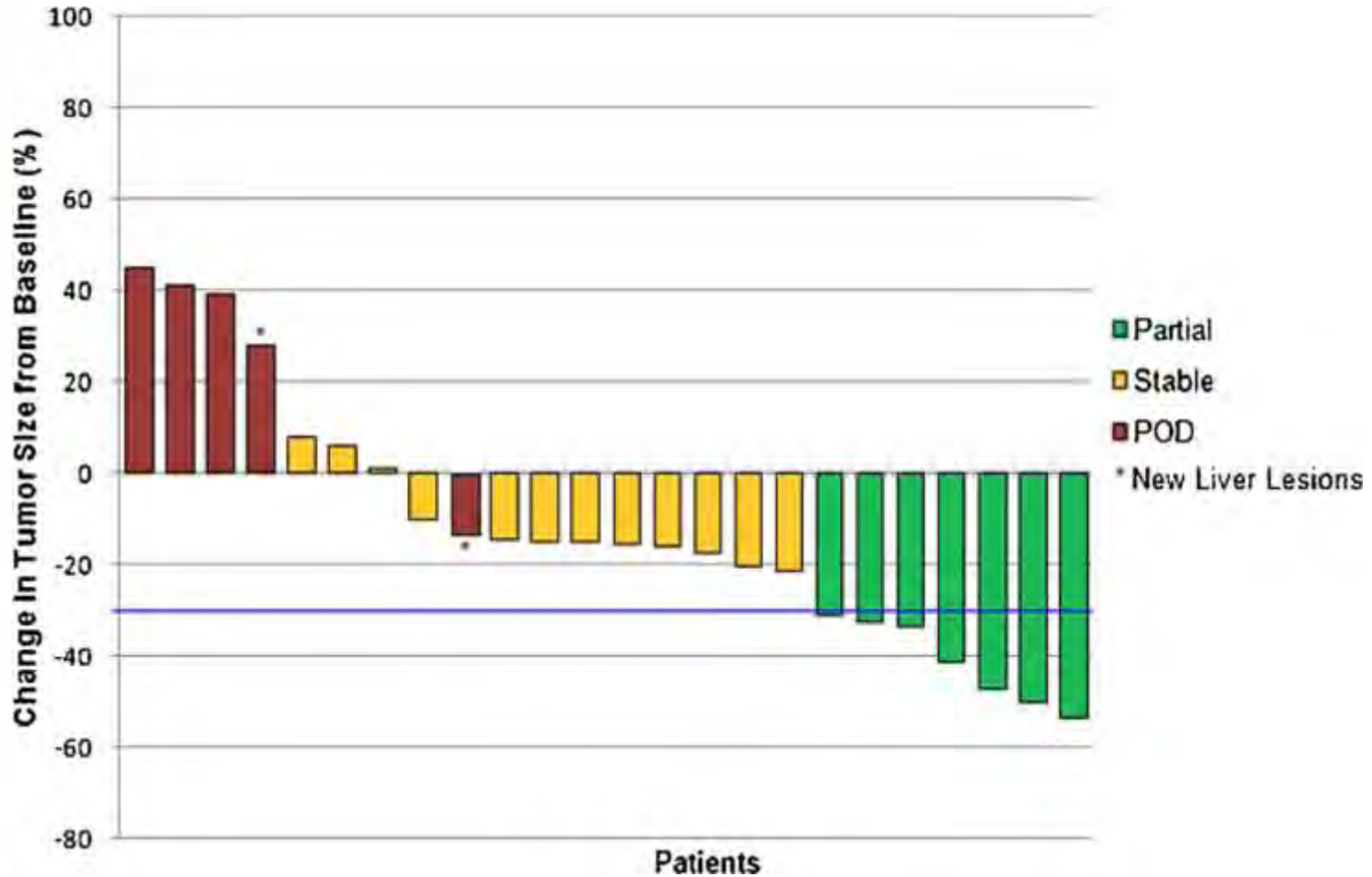
# Hepatic Only Disease



# Hepatic and Extra-Hepatic Disease

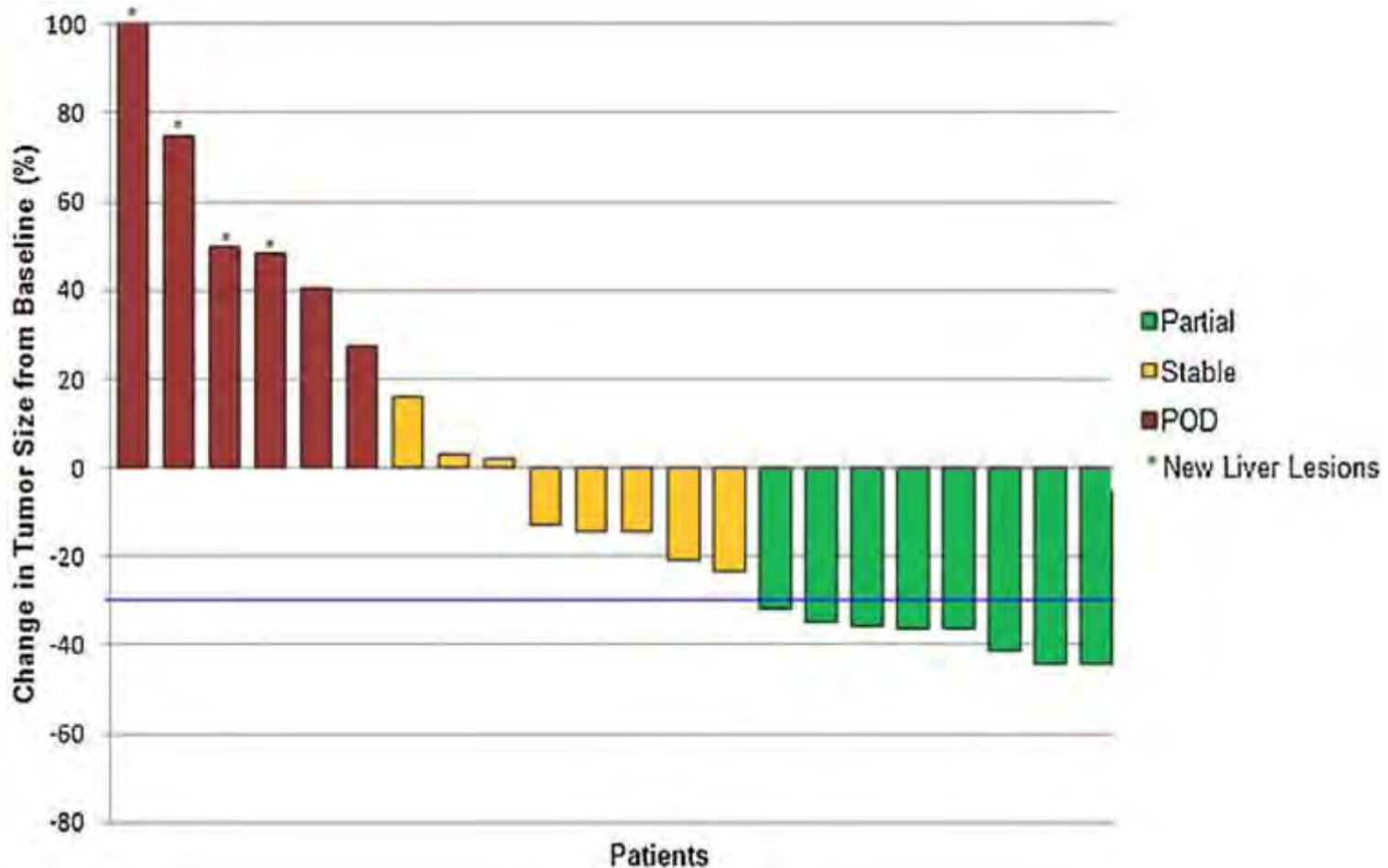


# Refractory Hepatic Only Disease

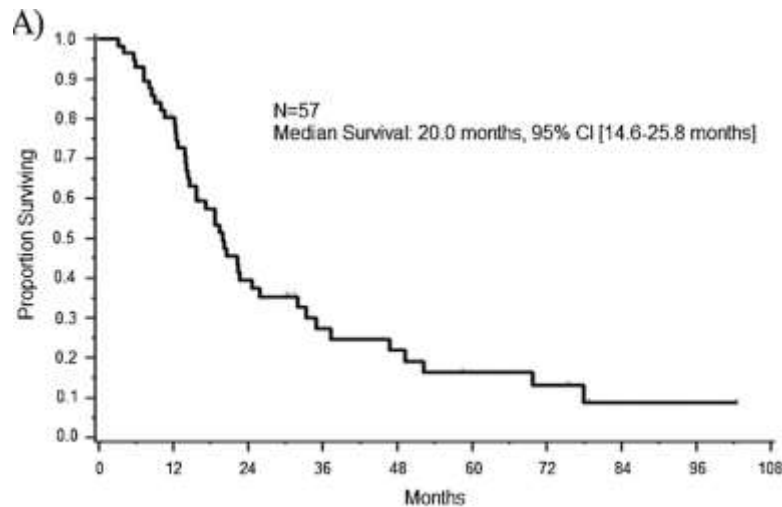




# Refractory Hepatic and Extra-Hepatic Disease



# Refractory to Standard Chemotherapy

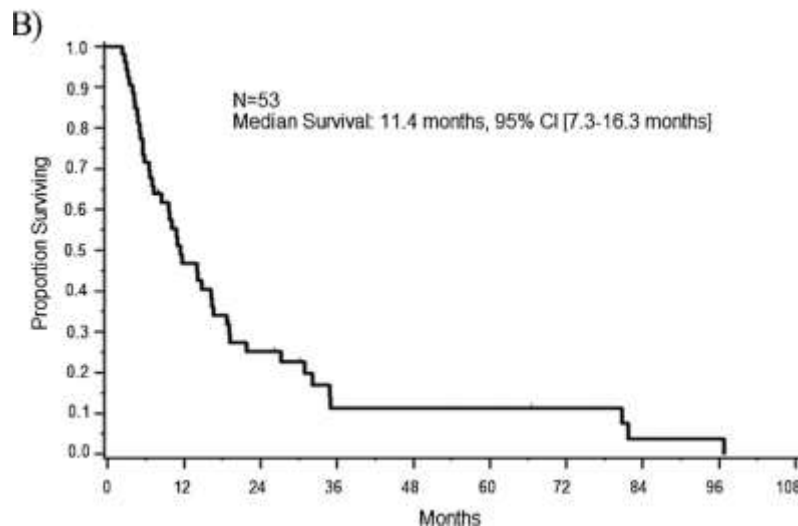


Hepatic Only Disease:

20 month OS

6 month PFS

7.6 month hPFS

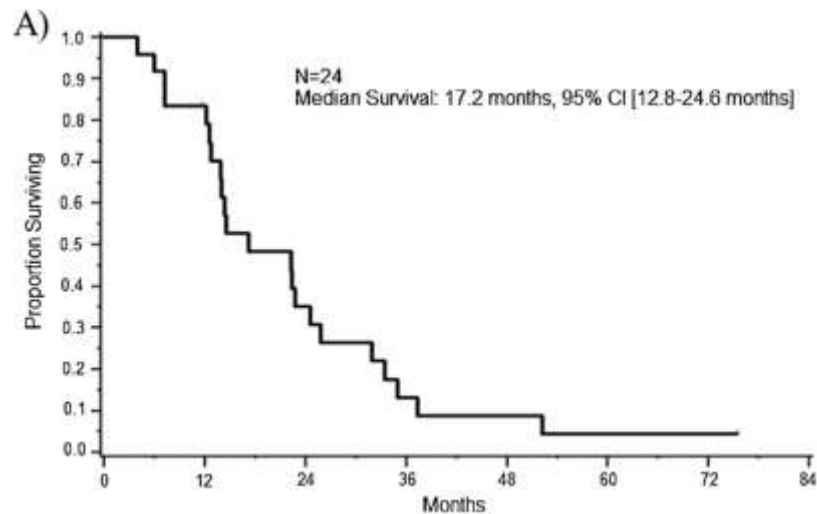


Hepatic and  
Extrahepatic Disease:

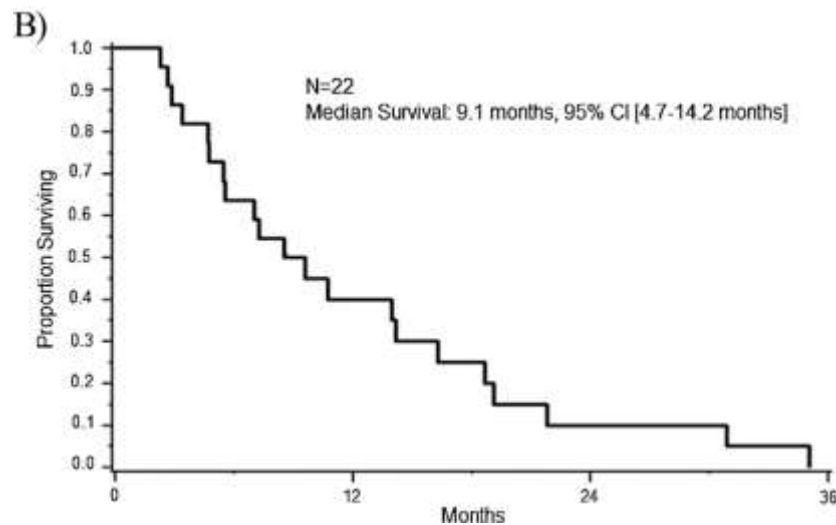
11.4 month OS

Cercek et al *J Surg Oncol* 2016

# Refractory to Standard Chemotherapy

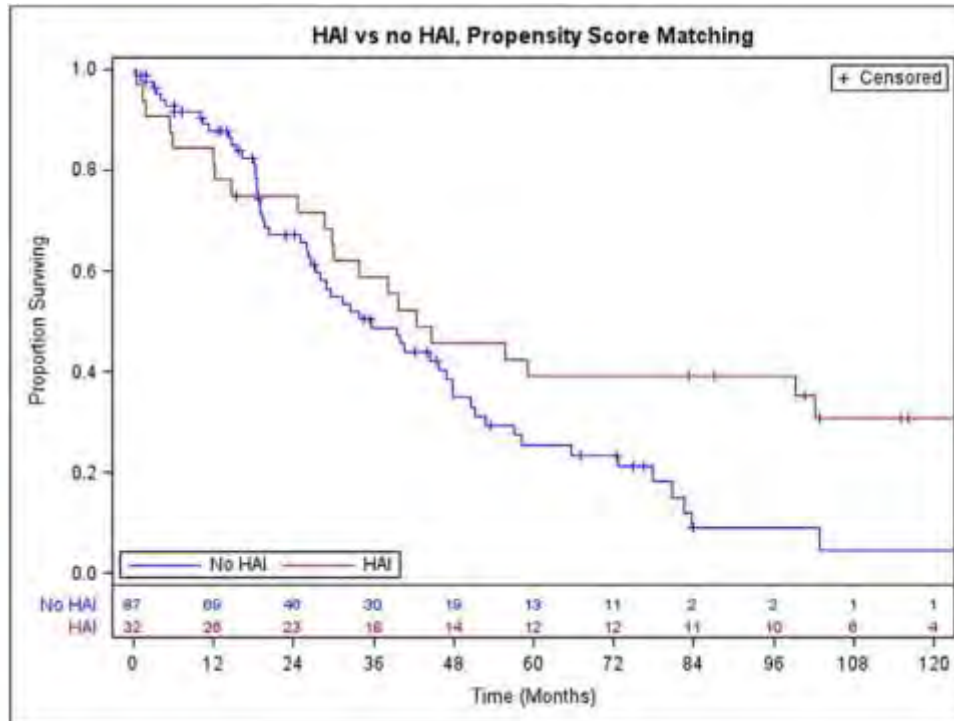


Hepatic Only Disease:  
17.2 month OS



Hepatic and  
Extrahepatic Disease:  
9.1 month OS

# HAI PUMP in Adjuvant Setting



- Retrospective study looking at HAI-pump placement use after hepatic resection
- Median 4 cycles administered
- HAI Group – OS 47 mo
- No HAI Group – OS 37 mo.

Chouliaras et al *HPB* 2020

# HAI Pump Centers



*HAI Consortium Research Network*



Pre-Operative  
Multi-Disciplinary  
Conference Tri-Phasic CT  
Diagnostic Radiology  
Outpatient Surgery APPs

Surgery  
Hepatobiliary Surgery  
Colorectal Surgery  
OR Staff (Selected for HAI)  
Device Representative



HAI Delivery  
Medical Oncology  
Oncology APPs  
Pharmacy  
Treatment Room RNs

Post-Procedure  
Nuclear Medicine  
Interventional Radiology  
Surgical APPs  
Interns, Residents, Fellows

Lidsky et al *Ann Surg Oncol* 2020

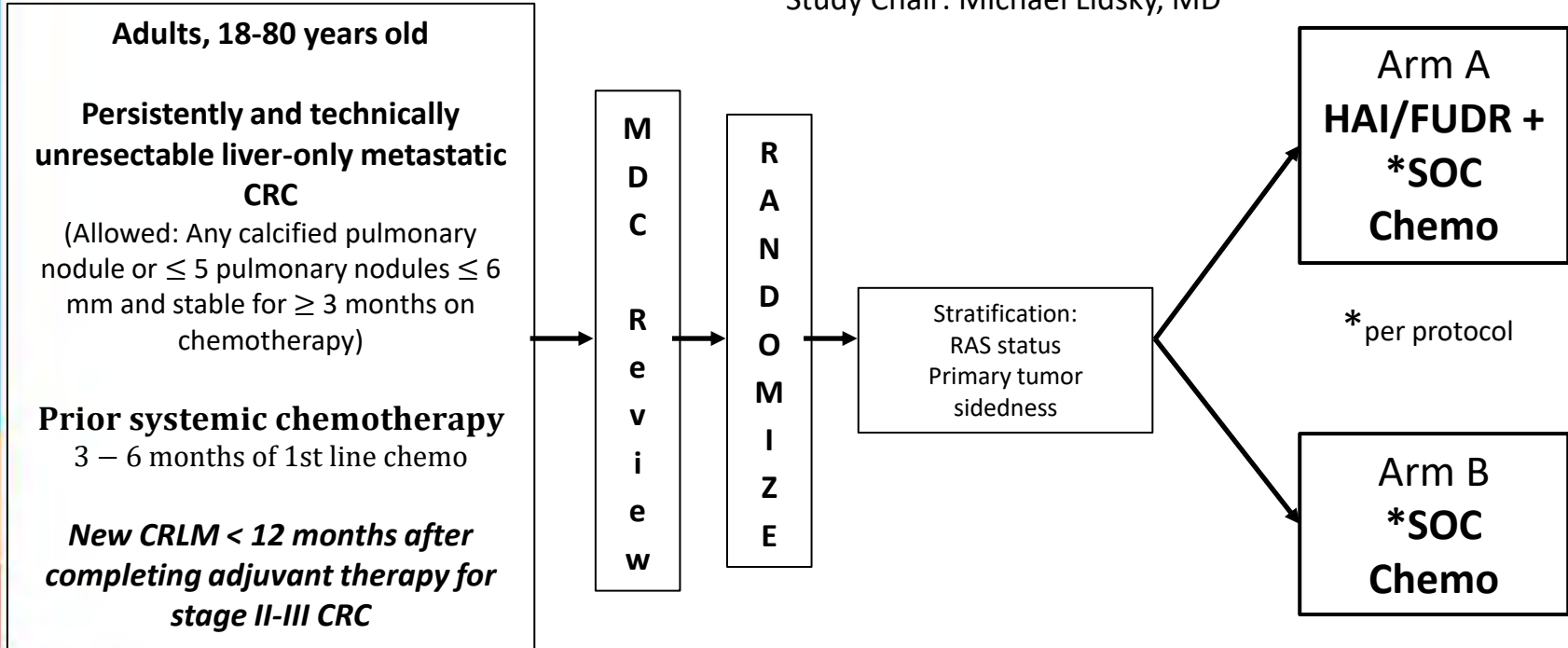


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**EA2222 - A Randomized Phase III Study of Systemic Therapy With or Without Hepatic Arterial Infusion for Unresectable Colorectal Liver Metastases: The PUMP Trial**

Patient Eligibility

Study Chair: Michael Lidsky, MD



**Primary endpoint = OS**

Secondary endpoints: PFS, hPFS, ePFS, ORR, Conversion to resection, Toxicity

Correlatives – to improve patient selection and identify which patients may be at risk for short vs long term complications



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Omaha, Nebraska