

**Disclosures** 

Jaime Malone has no financial disclosures.

Jessie Poskochil has no financial disclosures.

Gwen Reiser has no financial disclosures.

V

## **Objectives**

- W
- 1. Compare the benefits and risks of universal cancer genetic testing.
- 2. Recognize the limitations of universal cancer genetic testing.

3

# **DEBATORS**







Jaime Malone

"Pro Team"

From Green Bay, Wisconsin

Cheer for the Pro-Panthers!



5



Jessie Poskochil

"Con Team"

From Bennet, Nebraska

Cheer for the Con-Camels!



# What is universal cancer genetic testing?

Universal cancer genetic testing is:

- A comprehensive multi-gene cancer panel
- Offered to all patients with a personal history of any type of cancer at any age and/or a family history of cancer
- · Regardless of if they meet NCCN criteria or not

7

N

# TOPIC #1 Disparities

## **Disparities**

#### **PROS**

- Increase access for underrepresented populations
  - Everyone deserves to know this information
- Improved outcomes
  - o Testing changes treatment
- · Level the playing field
  - The only way to lower VUS rate for non-White populations is to do to the work (Samadder et al., 2021)

#### **CONS**

- Uncertainty
  - The VUS rate will be higher in non-White individuals (Jones et al., 2023; Samadder et al, 2021)
    - Uncertain variants can increase anxiety in an already vulnerable population
- Discrimination
  - GINA protects health insurance and employment in most settings, but does not protect against discrimination with life, disability, or long-term care insurance (Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act "GINA" of 2008, 42 U.S.C. § 2000ff).

9

# **TOPIC #2**

**Guidelines** 

### **Guidelines**

#### **PROS**

- NCCN guidelines are extremely complex (Hamel et al.)
- Guidelines offer conflicting recommendations
- Universal testing makes it easy

#### **CONS**

- Principle based ethics
  - Autonomy, Justice, Beneficence and Non-maleficence (A Guide to Genetic Counseling, 2010)
- Not all genes have enough evidence yet to change a patient's management (NCCN, 2023)

11

# TOPIC #3

## **Testing Volume**

## **Testing Volume**

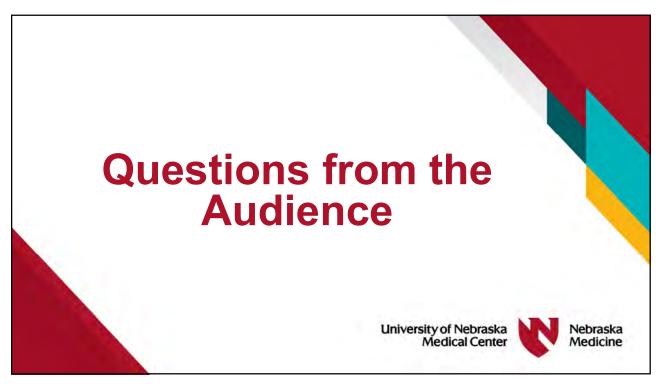
#### **PROS**

- Cost
  - This information is available and affordable
- Increased referrals and profits for institution

#### **CONS**

- Burnout
  - The increase in volume could lead to overworked genetic counselors, compassion fatigue, and burnout (NSGC, 2023; Patel et al., 2018).
- Longer Waitlist
  - Longer wait time for scheduling patients and getting their testing completed

13



#### References

- 1. Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act "GINA" of 2008, 42 U.S.C. § 2000ff.
- Hampel, H., & Yurgelun, M. B. (2022). Point/Counterpoint: Is It Time for Universal Germline Genetic Testing for All GI Cancers?. *Journal of clinical oncology : official journal of the American Society of Clinical Oncology*, 40(24), 2681–2692. https://doi.org/10.1200/JCO.21.02764
- Jones, J. C., et al. (2023). Universal Genetic Testing vs. Guideline-Directed Testing for Hereditary Cancer Syndromes Among Traditionally Underrepresented Patients in a Community Oncology Program. *Cureus*, 15(4), e37428. https://doi.org/10.7759/cureus.37428
- Moretz, C., et al. (2022). Comparison of Germline Genetic Testing Before and After a Medical Policy Covering Universal Testing Among Patients With Colorectal Cancer. *JAMA network open*, *5*(10), e2238167. https://doi.org/10.1001/jamanetworkopen.2022.38167
- National Comprehensive Cancer Network Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology Version 2.2024: Genetic/Familial High-Risk Assessment: Breast, Ovarian, and Pancreatic. (2023).
- National Comprehensive Cancer Network Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology Version 2.2023: Genetic/Familial High-Risk Assessment: Colorectal. (2023).
- National Society of Genetic Counselors. (2023). 2023 Professional status
- survey. <a href="https://www.nsgc.org/LinkClick.aspx?fileticket=2JfgHC9jkY%3d&portalid=0">https://www.nsgc.org/LinkClick.aspx?fileticket=2JfgHC9jkY%3d&portalid=0</a>. Accessed 7 Feb 2024.

  Patel, D., et al. (2018). Finding a Balance: Reconciling the Needs of the Institution, Patient, and Genetic Counselor for Optimal Resource Utilization. *Journal of genetic counseling*, 10.1007/s10897-018-0270-4. Advance online publication. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1007/s10897-018-0270-4">https://doi.org/10.1007/s10897-018-0270-4</a>. Advance online publication.
- Samadder, N. J., et al. (2021). Comparison of Universal Genetic Testing vs Guideline-Directed Targeted Testing for Patients With Hereditary Cancer Syndrome. *JAMA oncology*, 7(2), 230–237. https://doi.org/10.1001/jamaoncol.2020.6252
- 10. Uhlmann, W., Schuette, J., & Yashar, B. (2010). A guide to genetic counseling (2nd ed.). Wiley-Blackwell.
- Whitworth, P. W., et al. (2022). Clinical utility of universal germline genetic testing for patients with breast cancer. JAMA Network Open, 5(9), e2232787-e2232787. https://doi.org/10.1001/jamanetworkopen.2022.32787



